TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



FISCAL NOTE

SB 520 - HB 1371

April 4, 2019

SUMMARY OF BILL: Prohibits the purchase of land for agricultural use by foreign businesses, foreign governments, and nonresident aliens as defined in the proposed legislation. Violations of not reporting or converting agricultural land under this proposed legislation is punishable by having the property in question escheated to the state, and subsequently sold in the manner of a foreclosure of real estate for default of payment. Establishes a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for failure to register or file reports as required by this legislation.

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

Increase State Expenditures - \$132,200

Assumptions:

- The proposed legislation would require the Secretary of State (SOS) to accept an annual report from the foreign entities not subject to 43-2-102(a) of the proposed legislation.
- The SOS would also be required to register any nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, which holds an interest in agricultural land in this state on or after July 1, 2019.
- The proposed legislation also requires that, if the SOS finds that a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, or an agent, trustee, or fiduciary thereof, has violated this act, by acquiring agricultural land in this state (except by authorized means), using such land for an unauthorized purpose, or failing to divest its interest in the agricultural land as required by the act, the SOS must report the violation to the Attorney General and Reporter.
- Additionally, if the SOS finds that a nonresident alien, foreign business, foreign
 government, or an agent, trustee, or other fiduciary thereof, violated this part by failing
 to timely register or file a report as required under the proposed legislation, the SOS
 shall assess a civil penalty not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each
 violation.
- Based on these requirements, the SOS would be required to establish a registration system, annual report system, and a method of policing both registrants and non-registrants in order to carry out the responsibilities of the legislation.
- It is assumed that the staffing requirements needed to implement a system to accept and process reports as outlined in provisions of the legislation can be accomplished within existing resources.

- This legislation will require two Investigator positions for the SOS; the recurring increase in state expenditures would be \$129,732 [(2 positions x (\$50,000 salary + \$14,866 of benefits)].
- Recurring postage and printing costs to return documents to entities which have been received and filed by the SOS is estimated to be \$2,500 per year.
- The total recurring increase in state expenditures is estimated to be \$132,232 (\$129,732 + \$2,500).
- It is assumed that any impact on the Attorney General would be minimal and that any additional duties are absorbable within existing resources.
- Any increase in revenue resulting from assessed civil penalties is estimated to be not significant.
- Property tax revenue collected from any applicable properties is assumed to remain constant. Any change in real property transfer tax collections is estimated to be not significant.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Krista Lee Carsner, Executive Director

Kista Les Caroner

/abw